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RST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.			
Harald Lichtinger	2003P06347US; 60,426-613	4774			
	EXAMINER				
SIEMENS CORPORATION INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW DEPARTMENT			GIBSON, RANDY W		
	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
	2841		•		
	J	Harald Lichtinger 2003P06347US; 60,426-613 EXAM GIBSON, R ENT ART UNIT	Harald Lichtinger 2003P06347US; 4774 60,426-613 EXAMINER GIBSON, RANDY W ENT ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER		

DATE MAILED: 04/25/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			<u> </u>
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/603,992	LICHTINGER ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Randy W. Gibson	2841	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address	;
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a rep. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a oly within the statutory minimum of thin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MOI te, cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed try (30) days will be considered timely. NTHS from the mailing date of this commun BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.
Status		:	
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 I	<u> March 2005</u> .	:	
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Thi	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	ance except for formal mat	ters, prosecution as to the mer	its is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.[D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims		,	
4) Claim(s) 35-47 is/are pending in the application	on.	:	
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	awn from consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.		:	
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>35 and 36</u> is/are rejected.			
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>35-47</u> is/are objected to.		;	
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.	:	
Application Papers			
9)⊠ The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.		
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>25 June 2003</u> is/are: a	a)⊟ accepted or b)⊠ obje	ected to by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ction is required if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.	121(d).
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-15	52.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig a) All b) Some * c) None of:	n priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documen	its have been received	:	
2. Certified copies of the priority document		Application No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior			e
application from the International Burea	•	:	
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	received.	
	•	:	
Attachment(s)		:	
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)	
2) Dotice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No.	(s)/Mail Date	
 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	5)	Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the embodiment where the "rigid member" is attached to "one of said male or female members" must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). Currently, the rigid member is not shown attached to anything, so it is unclear exactly where this rigid member attaches itself to the seat belt. No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filling date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

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Specification

2. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: it is unclear from the written description exactly how the "rigid member" could be attached to the "one of said male or female members". Since loop 46 is intended to hold a portion 22 of the belt, and the other end is intended to attach to the vehicle frame, then what part of sensor assembly is attached to the male or female member of the seatbelt buckle? Apparently none of it is since this sensor assembly as described is attached between the belt and the frame, not between a portion of the buckle and the vehicle frame. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Objections

3. Claims 35-47 are objected to because of the following informalities: it is unclear what is meant by the claim limitation of "a rigid member attached to only one of said male or female members and having a first end for supporting a seat belt portion and a second end integrally formed with said first end for attachment to a vehicle structure", since this is not actually shown nor described. Since loop 46 is intended to hold a portion 22 of the belt, and the other end is intended to attach to the vehicle frame, then what part of sensor assembly is attached to the male or female member? Apparently none of it is since this sensor assembly as described is attached between the belt and the frame, not between a portion of the buckle and the vehicle frame as claimed. Appropriate correction is required.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

5. Claims 35 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Aoki (US # 6,264,236) in view of in view of Steffens, Jr. (US # 6,282,473 B1). Aoki discloses the claimed invention including a plurality of weight sensors (21) and a seatbelt tension sensor (Figure 2a). Aoki discloses the claimed invention except for determining the occupant's center of gravity. Steffens, Jr. teaches that it is known in a four corner seat sensor system, such as the one of Aoki, to use the four separate weight sensor signals to determine occupant's center of gravity to give more precise control over the amount of inflation of the airbag to prevent injury to the occupant based on his Location (Col. 3, lines 15-23., Col. 5, line 48 to col. 6, line 42; Col. 9, lines 7-65). It would have been obvious to modify the device of Aoki to determine occupant's center of gravity, as taught by Steffens, Jr., to give better control over the amount of airbag inflation.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. However, some of applicant's arguments could be applied to the new rejection, and are addressed below.

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In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of

obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that

any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon

hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was

within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does

not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a

reconstruction is proper. See In re McLaughlin, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA

1971).

Applicant argues that "[t]he examiner has pointed to no teaching in Steffens of

any particular benefit to using the Steffens center of gravity determination in [another

reference], i.e. there is no teaching in Steffens that indicates determining center of

gravity improves airbag control." This statement is demonstratably false as any cursory

scanning of the previous rejection will show. The applicant cannot persuade the

examiner that his rejection was incorrectly made by simply ignoring what the examiner

said.

In response to applicant's argument that the base reference contains nothing that

would have led one of ordinary skill in the art to believe that it's system was in any way

deficient or was in need of modification, the examiner notes there is no requirement that

an "express, written motivation to combine must appear in prior art references before a

finding of obviousness." See Ruiz v. A.B. Chance Co., 357 F.3d 1270, 1276, 69

USPQ2d 1686, 1690 (Fed. Cir. 2004). For example, motivation to combine prior art

references may exist in the nature of the problem to be solved (Ruiz at 1276, 69

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USPQ2d at 1690) or the knowledge of one of ordinary skill in the art (*National Steel Car v. Canadian Pacific Railway Ltd.*, 357 F.3d 1319, 1338, 69 USPQ2d 1641, 1656 (Fed. Cir. 2004)). The examiner also notes that companies and inventors always have an economic incentive to constantly try to improve old devices in order to stay ahead of the competition. Also, since no apparatus is ever perfect, companies and inventors have a built-in incentive to constantly tinker with and improve any successful device in an attempt to make it more efficient for it's intended use. Claiming that a disclosed device is in no way deficient is never an accurate statement since no device can ever be described as perfect or 100 percent efficient. There is always room for improvement in any device and every inventor inherently knows this.

Conclusion

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Randy W. Gibson whose telephone number is (571) 272-2103. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri., 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kamand Cuneo can be reached on (571) 272-1957. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Rando W. Gibson Primary Examiner Art Unit 2841